



Analysis of Socio-Economic Activities of Coastal Communities Case Study of Fishermen in Padelegan Village

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Abstract

This research uses a qualitative approach with a descriptive type. Sources of data obtained through interviews, observation and documentation. The type of interview used was semi-structured, while the type of observation used was non-participant observation. The informants are fishermen, fish traders, fish managers and fishermen groups in Padelegan village. The results of this study indicate that first the socio-economic activities of coastal fishermen in Padelegan village, Pademawu sub-district, Pamekasan district, there are three socio-economic activities, namely buying and selling fish, boat rental services, fish management and fishermen groups. The two supporting factors in the socio-economic activities of coastal fishermen in Padelegan village, Pademawu sub-district, Pamekasan district from buying and selling fish, namely (1) good and complete facilities, (2) orderly and safe administrative activities, and (3) affordable purchase prices. The inhibiting factors for buying and selling fish are (1) decreased fish catches, (2) buyer dissatisfaction, and (3) unemployed fish customers.

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Introduction

Indonesia is a marine country that has great potential for marine resources and is an archipelago with a water area of 6,400,000 km². Indonesia is a maritime country that can strengthen the nation's identity and be able to manage marine resources independently. As one of the largest archipelagic countries in the world, with a total of 17,508² islands stretching along 5,120 km from east to west along the equator and 1,760 km from north to south. With a land area of 1.9 million km and a sea water area of about 7.9 km. Indonesia also has a coastline length of about 81,791 km, which has a variety of potential marine and coastal natural resources that are unique and distinctive in each place.

Based on the description in paragraph 1, coastal communities live as fishermen who depend on livelihoods with open access (marine) resources. Coastal communities are communities that live in coastal areas and their economic livelihoods depend directly on the utilization of marine and coastal resources through fishing and cultivation activities. In addition, coastal communities are also a pluralistic community group but have a spirit of togetherness like village communities.

The job of a fisherman is indeed an easy job for anyone to do and does not require academically educated human resources. Anyone can become a fisherman without complicated requirements, especially individual fishermen who can manage their own time, area and work model. However, fishermen's work does not mean that it can be done by people of all ages. However, it still requires mental readiness because it is possible for the weather to change unfriendly.

Thus, the majority of the work of the coastal community of Padelegan village is as fishermen because Padelegan village is a village whose geographical location is in the coastal area (sea). So that coastal communities (fishermen) have various socio-economic activities that are one of the characteristics for them to do their work so that they will get a good catch of fish, in order to have an impact on their own needs which are grouped jobs that play a big role in the world of fishermen, such as 1) intermediary trade, The intermediary trade in question is an informal institution that buys and resells fishermen's catches to consumers and also regulates fish prices

when fishermen's catches are few or abundant, 2) boat owner fishermen, are fishermen who own fishing boats used in the fishing process, and 3) labor fishermen, are fishermen who work in the fishing business for boat owner fishermen.

Padelegan Village is one of the villages in Pademawu Sub-district, Pamekasan Regency. Which consists of 6 hamlets, whose average community livelihood is a fisherman with a job that is not so easy because it fights against uncertain sea weather, this also results in a small catch of fish so that the economic income is also small. So based on the results of the researcher's interview with the Head of Padelegan Village, Mr. Ibnu Hajar, said that:

"the life of the average Padelegan community as a fisherman and also some of his work as another profession. As a fisherman chosen by the community here they have their own skills with their own social and economic activities."

Based on this explanation, the researcher is interested in researching more deeply. Then the researcher is interested in conducting research with the title "Analysis of Socio-Economic Activities of Coastal Communities: Case Study of Padelegan Village Fishermen, Pademawu District, Pamekasan Regency".

Method

This research uses a qualitative approach. Qualitative approach. The type of research in this study is descriptive. In qualitative approach research, the researcher acts as the main instrument, therefore, the presence of researchers in the field in qualitative research is absolutely necessary. Sources of data obtained through interviews, observation and documentation. The type of interview used is semi-structured, while the type of observation used is non-participant observation. The informants were fishermen, fish traders, fish managers and fishing groups in Padelegan village.

Result and Discussion

Socio-economic activities are a range of activities that have the potential to provide opportunities for local people to be involved in all stages of the local economic activity process and job creation, identification of basic needs to

operationalization, initiatives and also include initiatives aimed at satisfying the economic needs of the community.

Socio-economic activities can be said to be a series of activities that can provide opportunities for local communities to meet their socio-economic needs. Starting from identifying basic needs, creating jobs, operating local economic activities to taking initiatives to satisfy the economic needs of the community.

In carrying out the socio-economic activities of fishermen, of course, a fisherman has a variety of socio-economic activities ranging from providing buying, selling goods or services or actions related to producing, distributing or consuming products or services.

Based on the research findings in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan, there are similarities with the theory above where it is known that the socio-economic activities of coastal fishermen in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan, namely by buying and selling fish, where the buying and selling of fish here is the fishing community in addition to selling their own fish they also sell their catches to TPI (fish auction site) or also to fish traders, where these socio-economic activities are included in the activity of providing buying fish, The second socio-economic activity is boat rental services, where the boat rental service in question is a fisherman renting his boat to people who want to rent it as a means of transportation as well as they want to visit their families on other islands, as well as fishing boat rental services, so with this socio-economic activity is included in the socio-economic activities of selling goods and services. And the third is about the socio-economic activities of the production of crispy anchovies and fish crackers, which are included in activities related to producing, distributing or consuming products. And the fourth is the socio-economic activities of fishermen's groups where fishermen's group activities are held as a form of evaluation activities of fishermen's activities starting from the problems that occur to fishermen, such as: declining income, calamities that occur to fishermen and important matters about the activities of the fishermen.

Supporting and inhibiting factors in the socio-economic activities of coastal fishermen in Padelegan Village, Pademawu District, Pamekasan Regency.

Every activity will certainly have several factors that support and hinder the running of an activity. As is the case with the socio-economic activities of coastal fishermen in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan.

The supporting factors of the socio-economic activities of buying and selling fish in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan, are as follows:

- 1) Good and complete facilities, the boat used is their own boat so that the sale and purchase income they get is not divided, in contrast to people who buy and sell fish but the boats used still belong to other people, so that this is a supporting factor for buying and selling fish by fishermen.
- 2) Orderly and safe administrative activities, selling fish to TPI (fish auction site) which in selling fish to TPI is a very supporting factor for fishermen because the process of paying and selling fish is organized, so that the financial administration process runs well.
- 3) Affordable purchase prices, buying fish from fishermen, this is a supporting factor for fishermen who buy directly from fishermen because the purchase price of fishermen's fish is very cheap and can pay half when there is little capital.

In line with the explanation above, according to Nurul Istiqomah in her journal entitled "Analysis of Islamic Law on the Practice of Buying and Selling Fish at Pekalongan Nusantara Fishing Port" explains that in socio-economic activities, with good and complete facilities, administrative activities that are orderly, neat, and safe as well as purchasing cheap fish, it is very important that socio-economic activities can run well.

The supporting factors of the socio-economic activities of boat rental services in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan are as follows:

- 1) Strategic location, a very strategic location is a supporting factor for community transportation boat rental services to stay in touch with their families who are in other starts.
- 2) Very affordable transportation rental price.
- 3) Ease of place that is easy to access and recommendations from customers is a supporting factor for fishing rental services.

The supporting factors for the socio-economic activities of crispy anchovies and fish crackers production in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan are as follows:

- 1) Promotion from employees, employees who participate in promoting anchovy krispi sellers are very much a supporting factor of the socio-economic activities of fishermen's production.
- 2) Registered Products to UMKM are very much a supporting factor as well.
- 3) Very adequate equipment, quality raw materials are very supporting factors for the production of fish crackers.

The supporting factors of the socio-economic activities of fishing groups in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan are as follows:

- 1) The enthusiasm or cohesiveness of fishermen, in this case, the enthusiasm or cohesiveness of the fishermen is very much a supporting factor in itself with the existence of a fishermen's group because this will affect the course of existing activities.

The inhibiting factors of the course of socio-economic activities of buying and selling fish in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan, are as follows:

- 1) The decrease in the catch of fish that I get, due to bad weather conditions at sea, so that my income also decreases.
- 2) Buyer dissatisfaction due to differences in fish size
- 3) Fish customers who do not work

The inhibiting factors of the socio-economic activities of boat rental services in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan, are as follows:

- 1) Bad weather resulting in shipping delays
- 2) Competitors are very tight so this reduces income

The inhibiting factors of the course of socio-economic activities of fish management in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan, are as follows:

- 1) High customer demand that makes the management of crispy anchovies less effective and unsustainable anchovy fishing.
- 2) The influence of the rainy season, during the rainy season, where during this rainy season it has an impact on the stock of crackers, so that the income earned drops by 50% from the bias.

The inhibiting factors of the course of socio-economic activities of fishermen groups in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Pamekasan, are as follows:

- 1) The influence of the rainy season, in this case, during the rainy season is an inhibiting factor for the activities of the fishermen's group, because usually the fishermen will attend the meeting a little.

Conclusion

From the results of the above research it can be concluded that the analysis of socio-economic activities of coastal fishing communities in Padelegan Village, Pademawu Subdistrict, Pamekasan Regency, namely there are four socio-economic activities, namely (1) buying and selling fish, in buying and selling fish there are various kinds of buying and selling fish, such as buying and selling fish from their own catch, (2) boat rental services, in this boat rental service there are various kinds of boat rental services, such as transportation rental services and fishing rental services, (3) fish management, in this fish management there are various kinds of fish management such as anchovy krispi management and mackerel cracker management, (4) fishermen groups.

Supporting factors of the analysis of socio-economic activities of coastal fishing communities in Padelegan Village, Pademawu District, Pamekasan Regency from buying and selling fish, namely (1) good and complete facilities, (2) orderly and safe administrative activities, and (3) affordable purchase prices. While the supporting factors of boat rental services, namely (1) strategic location, (2) very affordable transportation rental prices, and (3) ease of place that is easily accessible and recommendations from customers. Supporting factors from fish management, namely (1) promotion from employees, (2) registered MSME products, and (3) very adequate equipment. Supporting factors from fishermen's groups (1) enthusiasm or cohesiveness of fishermen.

The inhibiting factors for buying and selling fish are (1) declining fish catches, (2) buyer dissatisfaction, and (3) unemployed fish customers. The inhibiting factors for boat rental services are (1) bad weather, and (2) fierce competition. The inhibiting factors from fish management are (1) high customer demand, and (2) the influence of

the rainy season. The inhibiting factor from the fishermen group is (1) the influence of the rainy season.

Suggestion

Based on the results of research that has been conducted by researchers, the researchers realize that there are still many limitations and mistakes in this study. However, this research is expected to make a useful contribution. For IAIN Madura, it is expected to complete the references in the library either in print or non-print form, especially related to Social Sciences, such as books about fishermen to support and facilitate students or the academic community in finding reference sources both in completing assignments or research. For researchers, they should continue to develop in expanding their reading competence to add word collections and strengthen their understanding of social theories, and in order to improve the quality of their research results related to the socio-economic activities of coastal fishermen.

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